Abstract

METHOD FOR STANDBY CIRCUITING OF ASSEMBLIES IN 1:N-

REDUNDANCY

In the Prior Art, a higher-ranking means controls the standby circuiting of passemblies in 1:N redundancy. However, dynamics is thus lost in the system. The 5 invention solves this problem in that the devices responsible for the standby circuiting events in the higher-ranking means are relocated into a standby circuit assembly of the 1:N redundancy provided for standby circuiting purposes. The standby circuiting events are thus controlled and monitored by the standby circuit assembly itself, the mechanism higher-ranking means beings thus relieved of these tasks. 10

Figure 1